

Azusa Downtown Pedestrian & Bicycle Safety Workshop Summary and Recommendations

Community Pedestrian & Bicycle Safety Training and Action Planning Creating Safer Streets for Walking and Biking









October 2019

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Azusa Downtown, California

Acknowledgments

We would like to thank the Planning Committee for inviting us into their community to host the Community Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Training in Azusa, California.

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Workshop participant standing next to one of many utility box art in Downtown Azusa during the Walk Assessment.

Introduction

The City of Azusa, Planning Committee, California Walks (Cal Walks), and the University of California at Berkeley's Safe Transportation Research and Education Center (SafeTREC) collaboratively planned and facilitated a Community Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Training (CPBST) in Azusa on September 14, 2019 from 9:30 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. at Azusa Light and Water Department. The CPBST is a joint project of California Walks and SafeTREC (Project Team) that works with local residents and safety advocates to develop a community-driven action plan to improve walking and biking safety in their communities by collaborating with local officials and agency staff.

The Planning Committee identified the Downtown Azusa community as the focus for the workshop and the following workshop goals:

- a) Identify and develop pedestrian and bicycle safety priorities and next steps in collaboration with Azusa community members;
- b) Help make Azusa safer for walking and biking; and
- c) Encourage the community to engage in active transportation.

The training consisted of:

- 1. Walking and biking assessments along four key routes;
- 2. An overview of strategies to improve walking and biking safety using the intersectional 6 E's framework including: Evaluation, Equity & Empowerment, Engineering, Education, Encouragement, and Enforcement; and
- 3. A small group action-planning session to prioritize and plan for programs, policies, and infrastructure projects.

We would like to acknowledge the 17 participants who attended the workshop including Azusa residents, the City of Azusa, KOA Corporation, the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, the Azusa Unified School District, and Healthy Azusa. Their collective participation meaningfully informed and strengthened the workshop's outcomes.

This report summarizes the workshop proceedings, as well as recommendations for programs, policies, and infrastructure to improve walking and biking safety in Azusa.

The Planning Process



Step 1: Assemble a Planning Committee - June 2019

• Enlist key stakeholders to serve as the Planning Committee to define the CPBST workshop goals and refine curriculum to meet the community's needs

Step 2: Review and Analyze Existing Plans and Data - June 2019

- Review existing community documents (policies and plans)
- Analyze injury collision data and identify trends

Step 3: Conduct CPBST Site Visit - August 8, 2019

- Review current pedestrian and bicycle safety data and conditions
- Discuss workshop logisitcs
- Conduct preliminary walk assessments
- Identify instructional activities and goals for the workshop
- Develop outreach and recruitment plan for the workshop

Step 4: Conduct CPBST Workshop - September 14, 2019

- Conduct a walking and/or biking assessment
- Participate in workshop instructional activities
- Develop an action plan, including identifying actionable next steps for advancing workshop goals

Step 5: Implement CPBST Actions - Ongoing

- Review CPBST report summarizing workshop proceedings and recommendations
- Work with partners to secure resources for programs/projects identified during the CPBST
- Update California Walks and SafeTREC about changes as a result of the CPBST workshop



Pedestrian and Bicycle Collision History

The following data is based on police-reported pedestrian and bicycle collisions resulting in injuries to pedestrians¹ and bicyclists within the Downtown Azusa focus area², as identified by the Planning Committee. Data reported in this section are from the Statewide Integrated Traffic Records Systems (SWITRS) for the years 2008 to 2017. Collision data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional as of June, 2019. A full discussion of the pedestrian and bicycle collision data, as well as Supplemental Data requested by the planning committee, can be found in Appendix C.

Pedestrian Collisions

Over the 10-year period from 2008 to 2017, pedestrian collisions appear to have remained relatively stable, except for a dip in 2012 and 2013. The most recent five years of data available, 2013 to 2017, shows pedestrian collisions were concentrated along major thoroughfares: Foothill Boulevard (Historic Route 66) and Azusa Avenue (State Route 39). Pedestrian collisions primarily occurred during the evening commute hours, between 6 and 9 p.m. The top primary collision factors were driver failure to yield right-of-way to pedestrians at a marked or unmarked crosswalk (55%), driver failure to yield right-of-way to pedestrians on sidewalks (15%), and pedestrian failure to yield right-of-way to motorists when crossing outside of a marked or unmarked crosswalk (15%).³ There were 20 pedestrian victims in 20 pedestrian collisions, including four (4) severe injuries. Close to one half (45%) of pedestrian victims were 24 years old or younger.



Azusa Downtown Pedestrian Injury Collisions (2008 - 2017)

¹ A pedestrian is defined as any person who is afoot or using a non-motorized personal conveyance other than a bicycle, including skateboards, strollers, wheelchairs, and any electric assistive mobility device.

² The focus area was a rough rectangle, from San Gabriel Avenue west to Cerritos Avenue and from 9th Street south to 5th Street, with the eastern boundary cut back to Pasadena Avenue north of Foothill Boulevard.

³ Pedestrians have the right-of-way at marked and unmarked crossings, and drivers are legally required to yield to pedestrians in these instances. However, when pedestrians cross outside of a marked or unmarked crosswalk, pedestrians must yield the right-of-way to drivers. A pedestrian is legally allowed to cross outside of a marked or unmarked crossing between two intersections where one or none of the intersections is signalized but only after the pedestrian yields the right-of-way to oncoming drivers. This is not the same as "jaywalking," which refers to crossing outside of a marked or unmarked crossing between two signalized intersections.

Bicycle Collisions

Over the 10-year period from 2008 to 2017, bicycle collisions appear to be decreasing as reflected by the provisional data of 2016 and 2017. The most recent five years of data available, 2013 to 2017, shows bicycle collisions were concentrated along the main thoroughfare of Foothill Boulevard. There were clusters of bicycle collisions where Foothill Boulevard intersects Azusa Avenue and Pasadena Avenue. Bicycle collisions primarily occurred between 12 p.m. and 3 p.m. The top primary collision factors were driver failure to stop at a limit line or crosswalk at a stop sign (17.6%) and driver failure to yield right-of-way when entering/crossing a highway (11.8%).⁴ There were 17 bicyclist victims in 17 bicycle collisions, including two (2) severe injuries. Close to one half (47%) of bicyclist victims were 24 years old or younger.



Azusa Downtown Bicycle Injury Collisions (2008 - 2017)

Equity Concerns

Equity in this project means working to ensure that all groups of people, regardless of age, race, gender, ability or income, are considered in planning and decision-making processes. For transportation, we aim to address inequities in vulnerable communities, which have disproportionately high levels of injuries. Improving safety requires tackling the complicated interplay between inequity, the walking and biking built environment, and driver, bicyclist, and pedestrian behaviors.

At the national level, pedestrian fatality rates in lower-income communities are more than twice that of higher income communities.⁵ SafeTREC used SWITRS, U.S. Census Bureau, and American Community Survey (ACS) data to overlay pedestrian and bicycle collisions with income data to understand how collisions are distributed in this area based on income level. This analysis revealed that a disproportionately high number of collisions occurred in the lower income areas within the workshop focus area.

⁴ These violations could have either been committed by a motor vehicle driver or bicyclist, since bicycles are considered vehicles and therefore must follow all the same rules of the road as vehicles.

⁵ Pedestrian Deaths in Poorer Neighborhoods Report," Governing, August 2014. Available at http://www.governing. com/gov-data/pedestrian-deaths-poor-neighborhoods-report.html



Azusa Downtown Pedestrian Collision Map with Income (2013 - 2017)

Azusa Downtown Bicycle Collision Map with Income (2013 - 2017)



<u>Top:</u> Pedestrian collision map with income. <u>Right</u>: Bicycle collision map with income. <u>Data source</u>: SWITRS 2013-2017. ESRI, US Census Bureau, and ACS.

WALKING & BIKING ASSESSMENT

Routes

Workshop participants conducted walking and biking assessments along four key routes. Participants were asked to:

- 1. Observe infrastructure conditions and the behavior of all road users;
- 2. Assess the qualitative and emotional experience of walking or biking along the route;
- 3. Identify positive community assets and strategies which can be built upon; and
- 4. Consider how the walking and biking experience might feel different for other vulnerable users.

Route 1: City of Azusa Community Services



The first route focused on the main thoroughfares leading to Azusa City Hall, Azusa Library, Azusa Senior Center, Veteran's Freedom Park, and other City services and community spaces, including: East 9th Street, North Pasadena Avenue, West Foothill Boulevard, and North Azusa Avenue.

Route 2: North Azusa Commercial Area

The second route focused on the commercial area along North Azusa Avenue and the residential area along North Alameda Avenue.

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Route 3: Shopping Center, Metro Transit Center, and Surrounding Neighborhood



Route 4: Downtown North-South Corridors

The fourth route focused on the main north-south corridors in the Downtown area, North San Gabriel Avenue and North Azusa Avenue.



Reflections

Following the walking and biking assessments, participants shared the following reflections:

Crossing Conditions

- Colored concrete crosswalks blended in with the concrete road and were difficult for pedestrians and motorists to see. Locations included: the intersections of North Azusa Avenue/West Foothill Boulevard, East 5th Street/West Foothill Boulevard, North Azusa Avenue between West Foothill Boulevard and East Santa Fe Avenue adjacent to the CVS, and on North Dalton Avenue in front of the Azusa Senior Center. These crosswalks also lack advanced stop and yield markings such as stop bars. Stop bars are solid white lines that extend across all vehicle lanes and indicate to road users where to stop in advance of the crosswalk.
- Participants commended the City on the bulb-outs along North Azusa Avenue in Downtown Azusa. They shared that these improvements made them feel more visible to oncoming traffic when crossing North Azusa Avenue between West Foothill Boulevard and East 5th Street.





<u>Top Left:</u> West Foothill Boulevard and East 5th Street crosswalks lacks stop lines stop bars; this adds to unsafe conditions for all road users. <u>Top Right:</u> Various road users travel across North Azusa Avenue and West Foothill Boulevard where there are no stop bars that clearly demonstrate where cars should stop. <u>Bottom:</u> Bulb outs along North Azusa Avenue between West Foothill Boulevard and East Santa Fe Avenue adjacent to the CVS shorten the crossing distance for pedestrians.

Motorists appear to regularly travel at speeds higher than the posted speed limit of 35 miles per hour (mph) along Foothill Boulevard and do not give priority to pedestrians waiting to cross or already in the crosswalks. Participants shared that despite highvisibility marked crosswalks at North Soladon Avenue, they still feel unsafe and find the crosswalks difficult to cross. During the Site Visit, the Project Team observed a group of vouth crossing Foothill Boulevard at North Soldano Avenue when a motorist who was a considerable distance away approached the intersection at a high speed and failed to yield or even slow down. Several of the youth ran forward and took refuge near the center median while others stepped back towards the curb.



Motorist blocks crosswalk at Foothill Boulevard and North Soldano Avenue.

 Participants appreciated the bulb-outs with parallel curb ramps when crossing North Azusa Avenue at East 5th Street. Parallel curb ramps run in the same direction as the pedestrian path of travel and do not require pedestrians to orient themselves when crossing the street. Older diagonal curb ramps require pedestrians to orient themselves in the direction of travel and can be difficult to navigate for those with vision impairments and those using assisted mobility devices.



<u>Left:</u> Aerial view parallel and diagonal curb ramps at North Azusa Avenue/East 5th Street. <u>Right:</u> Parallel curb ramps are oriented towards a crosswalk and another curb ramp on the opposite side of the street along North Azusa Avenue from West Foothill Boulevard to East 5th Street.

- There are standard marked crosswalks at the North Alameda Avenue/East 9th Street and the North Dalton Avenue/East 9th Avenue intersections. Participants observed motorists making rolling stops at both intersections, as well stopping in the middle of the crosswalk, because the standard crosswalk markings are difficult to see from afar.
- At the Santa Fe Avenue/North Azusa Avenue intersection, curb extensions and landscape areas obstruct the unmarked east-west crosswalk across North Azusa Avenue. Pedestrians traveling on the west side of North Azusa Avenue often cross at this unmarked crosswalk to get to the Metro Transit Center.



<u>Left:</u> Standard crosswalk markings at the Alameda Avenue/East 9th Street intersection. <u>Right:</u> This crosswalk leads to the Metro Transit Center and is on the east side of the North Azusa Avenue intersection and lacks stop bars. Stop bars indicate to drivers when they should stop to allow pedestrians enough space to cross.

Railroad Crossings

 Railroad crossing gates on North Dalton Avenue, just south of East 9th Street, actively block motorists from crossing the train tracks when a train is approaching, but the gates do not restrict access for pedestrians.



Railroad crossing gates impede motorists but not pedestrian traffic on the sidewalk when a train is approaching.

Inadequate Bike Infrastructure

 Participants encountered multiple bicyclists riding on the sidewalk in Downtown Azusa along North Azusa Avenue, North San Gabriel Avenue, West Foothill Boulevard, and East Ninth Street, where it is not legally permitted.⁶ When asked, one of these bicyclists shared that he felt unsafe riding on Azusa Avenue due to the large traffic volumes and a k-rail next to The Orchard development project that narrowed the street. He felt more comfortable riding on the sidewalk rather than on the street with high-speed motorists.



<u>Left:</u> Bicyclists riding on the sidewalk say they feel unsafe riding in the street. <u>Right:</u> Azusa's Municipal Code, 74.83 on the Southwest corner of the North Azusa/West Foothill Boulevard intersection reads that no bike riders are allowed to ride on the sidewalk, but many are forced to due to construction projects narrowing streets, large traffic volumes, and speeding motorists.

- Many bicyclists, including commuters and those cycling for recreational purposes, travel along North Azusa Avenue both on the street and on the sidewalk. Despite this high level of biking, North Azusa Avenue, from West Foothill Boulevard toEast Fifth Street lacked Class II bike lanes. Class II Bike Lanes are designated spaces for bicyclists to ride along a roadway. They are marked by striping, signage, or pavement markings and are typically installed on larger thoroughfares with higher volumes of motorists and higher speeds.
- Despite being designated as bike routes, North Azusa Avenue, East 9th Street, North Dalton Avenue, West Foothill Boulevard, North Alameda Avenue, and South Santa Fe Avenue lacked bike signage or wayfinding signage for bicyclists. North Azusa Avenue, East Ninth Street, and West Foothill Boulevard are highly used by bicyclists traveling as their main source of transportation, as well as recreational bicyclists.



Bicyclist traveling on the sidewalk facing vehicle traffic.

⁶ Azusa Municipal Code, 74.83: <u>https://library.municode.com/ca/azusa/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeld=MUCO_</u> CH74TRVE_ARTIIIBI_DIV1GE_S74-830PRE

Underutilized Public Space

• Participants discussed that Edwards Park⁷ on North Azusa Avenue and East 6th Street is underutilized. They shared that the park is usually empty perhaps due to it being gated. According to the City's website, the park has benches, a drinking fountain, a jungle gym, and swings.



Edwards Park is empty on a Saturday morning.

Pedestrian-scale Lighting

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- Beautiful and antique-style light posts line North Azusa Avenue from East 9th Street to East 5th Street. Participants identified the lighting as a community asset and expressed their wish for additional lighting south of North Azusa Avenue/East 5th Street, at bus stops, and streets leading to and from the Metro Transit Center, where pedestrians and bicyclists could benefit from additional lighting, especially pedestrian-scale lighting.
- Bus stops along West Foothill Boulevard, North Dalton Avenue, North Azusa Avenue, and North San Gabriel Avenue in the workshop focus area lacked lighting and pedestrian-scale lighting.



Pedestrian-scale lighting is visible on North Azusa Avenue from East 9th Street to East 5th Street.

Lack of Shade

• The Downtown Azusa community benefits from some fully developed shade trees, mostly around City Hall and in Veteran's Freedom Park. However, the majority of trees are smaller, younger trees and palm or decorative trees that do not provide shade. There are many empty tree wells and sidewalk buffers where shade trees can be planted to fill in the shade gaps in the Downtown.







<u>Top and Middle Row:</u> Various types of trees, shade canopies, and tree planting opportunities. <u>Bottom Row:</u> Residents carry umbrellas to provide shade while waiting to cross at North Azusa Avenue near the light rail station.

Bus Shelters

• Some bus stops along West Foothill Boulevard, North Dalton Avenue, North Azusa Avenue, and North San Gabriel Avenue do not provide shelters, exposing riders to the elements. Participants shared that this is particularly uncomfortable during the hot summer months when temperatures regularly exceed 90 degrees Fahrenheit.



The bus stop along North Dalton Avenue in front of Veteran's Freedom Park lacks a shelter to provide shade and protect riders from the elements.

• North Azusa Avenue, between West Foothill Boulevard and East 5th Street, has sidewalk amenities like benches and trash bins, but few are located near trees for shade.



Benches line North Azusa Avenue, providing pedestrians with a resting place to enjoy the Azusa Downtown area.

Recommendations to Improve Walking and Biking Safety in Downtown Azusa

Participants engaged in small-group action planning discussions to identify community programs and infrastructure projects aimed at increasing the health and safety of the community. Small groups were separated into four thematic areas: encouragement, education, enforcement, and engineering, to brainstorm a list of programs and projects. Each small group then chose one recommendation to prioritize and expand on via preliminary planning. The other results of the brainstorm are listed by theme below.

Encouragement:

- Install a temporary demonstration of conventional bike lanes on Foothill Boulevard near Azusa City Hall in Downtown Azusa.
- Host more open street events similar to 626 Golden Streets.
- Implement an Earn-a-bike program in partnership with Active San Gabriel Valley (Active SGV).

Engineering:

- Install wayfinding signage in the downtown area leading to popular destinations.
- Plant trees to provide shade on streets with high pedestrian traffic.
- Install street furniture such as benches, tables, shelters at parks and in the downtown area.
- Install traffic circles/roundabouts as a speed calming measure.
- Install a pedestrian scramble at intersection(s) with high pedestrian traffic.
- Install wider sidewalks.
- Prioritize first and last mile improvements.
- Install bike lanes throughout the City to complete the surrounding bike network.

Enforcement:

- Create city policies to encourage enforcement, such as 15 mph speed limits in designated areas.
- Post signs within the commercial zone bearing the municipal code that "expressly prohibits" cycling on sidewalks because enforcement can only occur near signs clarifying the law.
- Implement a neighborhood watch or block captain program to encourage safer speeds in the neighborhood.
- Install speed feedback signs to control speeding on wide streets in coordination with PD speed enforcement.

Community Recommendations

Participants discussed and planned temporary demonstrations around Citrus College and Azusa Pacific University, a walking and biking safety community festival, citywide crossing improvements, and enhance Downtown wayfinding with traffic safety messages.

The following tables summarize the community recommendations developed by the community.

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improve road conditions for both commuters and locals who drive, walk, scoot, and/or bike in this area. While this area is complex, hosting a temporary Project Description: North Citrus Avenue, from West Foothill Boulevard to East Alosta Avenue, is an area that encompasses both Citrus College and Azusa Pacific University and has high volumes of pedestrian, bicyclist, and motorist traffic. This area may benefit from high-visibility crosswalks, conventional bike lanes, bulb-outs, and a dedicated end of line bus stop. Involving various invested partners, such as the local higher education institutions, can demonstration of some or all of the above listed treatments can provide necessary feedback to City engineers and increase safety in this corridor

Project Goals:

- Demonstrate safety benefits of various walking and biking safety improvements;
- Evaluate all road user behaviors and responses to the temporary demonstration(s);
- Educate the community about a potential upcoming project(s) and how they increase road safety;
 - Encourage permanent installation of crossing treatments and bike lanes; and
 - Encourage safe travel behaviors by all road users.

Action Steps	Timeline	Responsible Party	Resources
Develop and Execute Advocacy Campaign: Azusa walking	Fall 2019	Planning Committee	AARP Pop-Up Demonstration
and biking advocates with the support of Oldus Conege and Azusa Pacific University work to approve hosting temporary demonstrations of high-visibility crosswalks		Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Advocates	<u>1001k1</u>
and conventional pike lanes on North Orthas Avenue from West Foothill Boulevard to East Alosta Avenue.		Cycling Clubs	
		City of Azusa	
Host Temporary Demonstration: Temporary demonstrations of high-visibility crosswalks and	Winter 2020 - Spring 2020	City of Azusa Planning Department	Measuring and Evaluating Streets
conventional pike lartes are installed.		City of Azusa Public Works	
		Department	
enectiveness of the temporary safety improvements to determine if they will be installed permanently.			
Release Study Results: Results of the study and observations will be made public and the City of Azusa	Summer 2020	City of Azusa Planning Department	Low-cost, Temporary Changes Make for a Safer and Friendlier
will be permanently installed.		City of Azusa Public Works Department	Street III Provo, Utari

<u>Education Project</u>: Walking and Biking Safety Community Festival

health and wellness and art and culture activities for the community to encourage participation. Event will be based off a successful 2012 Cycle Azusa community event but will expand the walking and biking education Project Description: Community walking and biking education and encouragement event to provide hands-on walking and biking safety education to children, youth, and adults in the community. Event will include other and encouragement activities to address community safety concerns and target education towards those experiencing high rates of pedestrian and bicycle injuries and fatalities.

Project Goals:

- Provide targeted walking and biking safety education to Azusa community members and residents;
 - Increase awareness of safe walking and biking behaviors;
- Encourage community to participate in active transportation for health, wellness, recreation, and transportation; and
- Reduce pedestrian and bicycle collisions.



Action Steps	Timeline	Responsible Party	Resources
Reconvene the Healthy Azusa coalition of partners to discuss and plan events:	Fall 2019	Healthy Azusa coalition lead Alexandra Muniz	Emails
 Invite partners to a 1-hour preliminary planning meeting to discuss the event. 		California Walks	Facebook Invitation
Identify a date, time, and location for the meeting		Citter of A - 100	Pedestrian and Bicycle Collision
 Host preliminary meeting and identify potential 			Data
event dates, times, and locations to coincide with Mav is Bike Month and School District Safe		SafeTREC	Workshop Recommendations Report
Routes to School activities. Check with Active		Azusa Unified School	
SGV for their Ciclavia "Golden Streets event schedule to avoid conflicts		District	
Potential Locations: Local park or school			

Education Project: Walking and Biking Safety Community Festival

Action Steps	Timeline	Responsible Party	Resources
Secure event location and partner organizations:	Winter 2019- 2020	Healthy Azusa	List of partners/vendors
art and culture organizations and partners to		California Walks	Budget/funding sources
 Bike Shops Mollance Contact 		City of Azusa	Layout and location of activities
 weintess centers Gyms and Exercise Classes Music Artists 		Azusa Unified School District	
Develop walking and biking education activities:	Winter	California Walks	Route maps
Eve rours/ blke Assessment roures, rourn Bike Rodeo and Crosswalk Education	2020	Healthy Azusa	Rodeo and Assessment materials
		Azusa Unified School District	Liability Release Form
			Flyer Registration Link for on-bike assessment
Host event in the Spring:	April or May 2020	Healthy Azusa	Materials for education activities
 Flyers Providence <		California Walks	Signage
		City of Azusa	Tables and Chairs
 School reaching Finalize event details with partners and host event. 		Azusa Unified School District	
		Community Partners	

Engineering Project Name: Citywide Crossing Improvements

Project Description: Install crossing improvements at key locations throughout the City to improve visibility and safety between motorists and pedestrians in the crosswalk

- Project Goals: 1. Improve visibility between motorists and pedestrians in marked and unmarked crosswalks;
- Decrease crashes between motorists and pedestrians in marked and unmarked crosswalks; and
 - Improve safety for the most vulnerable pedestrians, including children and seniors.

Action Steps	Timeline	Responsible Party	Resources
City of Azusa Planning Department to determine if the suggested crossing improvements are eligible for implementation: • Raised Crosswalks • West 6th Street/North Azusa Avenue intersection • West 6th Street/North Azusa Avenue intersection • Avenue, near schools • Passive Detection Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFB) • Passive Detection Rectangular Rapid Flashing • High-visibility Marked Crosswalks • Throughout the City, adjacent to schools • High-Visibility Creative Crosswalks • North Citrus Avenue/East Foothill Boulevard intersection • Redestrian Hybrid Beacon • At unsignalized intersection • Redestrian Safety Islands • Throughout the City, near schools and senior zones	Fall 2019	City of Azusa Planning Department	

Engineering Project Name: Citywide Crossing Improvements

Action Steps	Timeline	Responsible Party	Resources
 City of Azusa Planning Department to host a community focus group to prioritize treatments and locations: Identify local stakeholders at key locations, including residents, schools, and businesses. 	Spring 2020	City of Azusa Planning Department Project Team Planning Committee	CPBST Follow-up Activity
City of Azusa Planning Department to apply for funding for the installment of prioritized crossing improvements.	Spring - Summer 2020	City of Azusa Planning Department	Active Transportation Program (ATP) - Cycle 5 Sustainable Transportation Planning Grants Funding Navigation for California Communities

Enforcement Project Name: Enhance Downtown Wayfinding with Traffic Safety Messages

this area grows more dense from future housing projects, pedestrian and bike traffic may increase and create additional conflicts. The city will use Project Description: Some road users practice unsafe behaviors in the area of Downtown Azusa, including speeding and cycling on sidewalks. As signage and art as Preventative Enforcement to educate road users as part of the planned downtown wayfinding program. This will help to establish community standards of proper road use in the downtown area to improve safety for pedestrians and bicyclists.

Project Goals:

- Support safer behavior by road users by posting information on local laws and expectations τi ci m
 - Create a safer environment for pedestrians and cyclists in downtown Azusa
- Adapt to changing mix of road users by collecting community feedback and modifying signage

Develop Traffic Safety Signage: Identify the problems that should be addressed by signage and the locations where signage should be installed, as well as opportunities for murals, street paint, and other artwork.Azusa TOD Specific PI Azusa TOD Environme ReportAzusa for de addressed by signage should be installed, as well as opportunities for murals, street paint, and other artwork.Azusa TOD Environme Azusa Municipal CodeAzusa for de addressed by signage should be installed, as well as opportunities for murals, street paint, and other artwork.Azusa TOD Environme Azusa Municipal CodeAzusa should be installed, as well as opportunities for murals, street paint, and other artwork.Azusa Municipal CodeAzusa changes, sontinue to collect feedback as downtown Azusa changes, and update signage to reflect changing road users or traffic safety- related behaviors.City of AzusaMetroMetro	Action Steps	Timeline	Responsible Party	Resources
Summer 2020 - City of Azusa Ongoing	Develop Traffic Safety Signage: Identify the problems that should be addressed by signage and the locations where signage should be installed, as well as opportunities for murals, street paint, and other artwork.	Winter 2019	City of Azusa	Azusa TOD Specific Plan Azusa TOD Environmental Impact Report
Summer 2020 - City of Azusa Ongoing				Azusa Municipal Code
Summer 2020 - City of Azusa Ongoing				Collision Data
	Installation of Signage: Post signage, continue to collect		City of Azusa	Community input and feedback
	signage to reflect changing road users or traffic safety-	8		Caltrans
				Metro

Cal Walks & UC Berkeley SafeTREC Recommendations

Establish a City of Azusa Bicycle and Pedestrian Advisory Committee

The Project Team recommends the City of Azusa Planning Department works within the City to establish a Bicycle and Pedestrian Advisory Committee (BPAC) that can provide input to decision makers on bicycle and pedestrian projects, programs, and policies. While the City plans for future projects, a BPAC could provide constructive guidance on bicycle and pedestrian issues and ensure that bicycle and pedestrian issues are being addressed during all future projects. A BPAC could also serve as a bridge to community residents and ensure they have an opportunity to give input and receive a response from the City.

Install Pedestrian Safety Improvements around the Metro Transit Center

With the increased focus on transit-oriented development, Azusa anticipates an influx of residents – and with that more pedestrians and bicyclists. The Project Team recommends improving pedestrian safety infrastructure around the Azusa Downtown Metro Transit Center, specifically high-visibility crosswalks on Azusa Avenue and on all four crossings at East 9th Avenue and North Alameda Avenue by the Transit Center's parking structure. While the crosswalks on Azusa Avenue are currently pigmented a brick orange tone, the color is muted, and the crosswalks lack any type of high-visibility markings. High-visibility markings are more easily seen by motorists and are demonstrated to reduce pedestrian-motorist collisions. These crossings would also benefit from the installation of upgraded pedestrian signal heads with countdown signals that inform pedestrians about the time remaining in the pedestrian change interval.

Conduct Bike Counts

The Project Team recommends the City of Azusa Planning Department conduct bike counts on Azusa's main corridors to determine bike ridership patterns. This information will supplement previous bike count data collection gathered by Active SGV⁸. The Planning Department can then analyze all these observations and community feedback to assess how well they align with the proposed bike lane and bike route installations in Downtown Azusa.

Pedestrian and Bicycle Improvements along Foothill Boulevard

With many of the pedestrian and bicycle collisions in downtown Azusa occuring along Foothill Boulevard, the Project team recommends that workshop participants collaborate with the City of Azusa Planning and Public Works Departments to explore options to redesign Foothill Boulevard for all users to include pedestrian refuge islands and bicycle lanes, focusing on the segment from Azusa Venue to Pasadena Avenue. Suggested improvements also include more pedestrianscale lighting and more shade trees along the corridor as well as higher-visibility crosswalks at the intersections with Solano Avenue (specifically, the crosswalks across Solano) and Pasadena Avenue.

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Active SGV's Data Collection Project, contains specific data about Azusa: https://www.activesgv.org/sgvcounts.html

Adopt an Equity Lens in the Development of the Pedestrian Master Plan

The Project Team recommends the City approach the development of its Pedestrian Master Plan with an equity lens. Tactics aligned with an equity lens include:

- Prioritizing outreach and community engagement in low-income communities and communities of color;
- Providing education, workshop, and training materials in multiple languages;
- Accommodating participants with mobility and developmental impairments; and
- Actively informing stakeholders, especially active transportation users, on the planning processes and expected project outcomes.

Appendix A: Community Plans & Policies Review

Community Plans and Policies Review: Cal Walks conducted a review of current community planning documents to inform the training and prepare to build off existing efforts. The following documents were reviewed prior to the site visit:

- 1. Azusa General Plan, 2004
- 2. Azusa Transit-Oriented Development Specific Plan, 2018
- 3. Approval for Transit-Oriented Development Specific Plan, 2015
- 4. Bike Tours Flyer, 2011
- 5. Azusa Intermodal Transit Facility Draft Environmental Impact Report, 2012
- 6. Azusa Capital Improvement Projects, 2017
- 7. City of Azusa ADA Compliance

Appendix B: Resources

List/Links of Resources

- 1. Funding Navigation for California Communities
- 2. How to Conduct Bicycle and Walking Audits
- 3. Urban Bikeway Design Guide
- 4. <u>Making Bicycling and Walking a Norm for Transportation Agencies: Best Practices for Bicycle</u> <u>and Pedestrian Advisory Committees</u>

For a summary of outcomes from past CPBST workshops, please visit: www.calwalks.org/cpbst and <u>https://safetrec.berkeley.edu/programs/cpbst</u>

Appendix C: Data Analysis

Pedestrian and Bicycle Collision Data Analysis

- Downtown Azusa CPBST Workshop Data Factsheet
- Downtown Azusa CPBST Site Visit Data Presentation
- Downtown Azusa CPBST Site Visit Data Follow-Up

Pedestrian & Bicycle Data Analyses for Downtown Azusa Community Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Training Workshop (CPBST) Azusa, CA | September 14, 2019

In California, more than one in four people who died in a collision is a pedestrian or bicyclist. There was a 13.9 percent increase in pedestrian deaths from 2015 to 2016 and a 14.0 percent increase in cycling deaths (FARS 2015 and 2016). In this workshop, we provide you with local collision data so that we can identify ways to make walking and biking safer in your community.

The local data seen below reflects collisions within Downtown Azusa, as determined per the workshop's planning committee.



Data Source: California Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS). Collision data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional as of March 2019. Funding for this program was provided by a grant from the California Office of Traffic Safety through the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.



How are bicycle collisions changing over time? What could have caused an increase or decrease in collisions?

- While these numbers do not tell the whole story, do they reflect your experience in your community?
- What kinds of improvement do you think could help make walking and biking safer in your community?
- What other data could help inform decision-making?

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To explore collision data in your community, please visit the free tools available through the Transportation Injury Mapping System (tims.berkeley.edu). For additional assistance, please email safetrec@berkeley.edu.

Berkeley SafeTREC





Azusa Pedestrian Collision Map (2013 - 2017)



Data Source: Statewide Integrated Traffic Record System (SWITRS) 2013-2017; 2016 and 2017 data are provisional Date: 9/3/2019 as of March 2019

Azusa Bicycle Collision Map (2013 - 2017)



Data Source: Statewide Integrated Traffic Record System (SWITRS) 2013-2017; 2016 and 2017 data are provisional Date: 9/3/2019 as of March 2019

Pedestrian Injury Collisions (2013-2017)

96 pedestrian injury collisions

Mostly concentrated along the main corridors: Azusa Ave/SR-39 (16), Foothill Blvd (14), and San Gabriel Ave (8).

Two-third of collisions are north of Foothill Freeway/SR-210.

Fatal pedestrian collisions:

- Lemon Swirl Drive/Sierra Madre Ave (2014)
 - SR-210/Galanto Ave (2015)



Data Source: Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS), 2013-2017. Collision data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional as of March 2019.

Pedestrian Injury Collisions (2013-

70171

Collision Severity (2013-2017)

- Fatal (2)
- Severe Injury (13)
- Other Visible Injury (40)
- Complaint of Pain (37)

2017 Median Household Income



Collisions are more concentrated in lower income census block groups along the main corridors.



Data Source: Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS), 2013-2017. Collision data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional as of March 2019.
with 5-year rolling average Pedestrian Collisions Trend



Data source: Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS), 2008-2017.

Collision data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional as of March 2019.

by Time of Day and Day of Week Pedestrian Collisions

Total	6	19	18	11	11	23	2	£	96
Sunday		2	0	1	1	З	0	0	ω
Saturday		e	5	2	e	£	0	1	18
Friday	2	4	1	1	0	2	0	1	14
Thursday	2	2	e	4	e	2	1	1	18
Wednesday	1	1	2	0	1	9	1	0	12
Tuesday	- 1	2	£	£	0	2	0	0	11
Monday	1	5	4	0	e	2	0	0	15
	- M9:00PM-11:59PM	06:00PM-08:59PM -	03:00PM-05:59PM -	Noon-02:59PM -	09:00AM-11:59AM -	06:00AM-08:59AM -	03:00AM-05:59AM -	Midnight-02:59AM -	Total

Pedestrian Collisions by Top 9 Types of Violation

	Total: 96 Collisions	
CVC No.	Description	Number of Collisions
21950	Driver failure to yield right-of-way to pedestrians at a marked or unmarked crosswalk	42 (43.8%)
21954	Pedestrian failure to yield right-of-way to vehicles when crossing outside of a marked or unmarked crosswalk	16 (16.7%)
21952	Driver failure to yield right-of-way to pedestrians on sidewalks	8 (8.3%)
22107	Unsafe turning or moving right or left on a roadway Turning without signaling	4 (4.2%)
20001	Failure to stop in a collision resulting in injury or death (commonly known as hit-and-run)	3 (3.1%)
21456	Pedestrian failure to yield right-of-way at traffic signal / Failure of pedestrian to yield right-of-way to vehicles already in intersection Failure to obey crosswalk symbols or finish crossing before "countdown" ends	2 (2.1%)
21804	Driver failure to yield right-of-way when entering/crossing a highway	2 (2.1%)
22106	Unsafe starting or backing of a vehicle on a highway	2 (2.1%)
22350	Speeding on the highway / Driving at a dangerously high speed given highway conditions like weather, visibility, traffic, and highway measurements, or driving at a speed that endangers people or property	2 (2.1%)

Pedestrian Victims by Age and Gender



45.6% of pedestrian victims are between the ages of 5 and 24



• 5 victims age 65-74 (1 severe)





Pedestrian Victims by Age and (child + youth) Gender



Pedestrian Victims by Injury Severity



Pedestrian Collisions by Month (2013 - 2017)



Bicycle Injury Collisions (2013-2017)

106 bicycle injury collisions (89.6% mapped)

Mostly concentrated along the main corridors: Azusa Ave/SR-39 (23), Foothill Blvd (18), East First St/Baseline Rd (10), Arrow Highway (8), and Gladstone Street (7).

Over 60% of collisions were north of Foothill Freeway/SR-210.

Fatal bicycle collision:

Cerritos Ave/Newburgh St (2013)



Bicycle Injury Collisions (2013-2017)

Collision Severity (2013-2017)

- 🔵 Fatal (1)
- Severe Injury (7)
- Other Visible Injury (53)
- Complaint of Pain (34)

2017 Median Household Income



Collisions are more concentrated in lower income census block groups along the main corridors.



with 5-year rolling average **Bicycle Collisions Trend**



Data Source: Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS), 2013-2017. Collision data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional as of March 2019.

2017.

by Time of Day and Day of Week **Bicycle Collisions**

Total	7	16	31	22	16	13	0	-	106
Sunday	2	2	£	0	9	0	0	0	15
Saturday	2	2	£	£	4	2	0	0	16
Friday	0	2	9	5	1	£	0	0	17
Thursday	П	1	6	5	0	1	0	1	18
Wednesday	П	e	e	2	2	2	0	0	13
Tuesday	0	£	2	9	£	Э	0	0	17
Monday	1	£	e	1	0	2	0	0	10
	09:00PM-11:59PM -	06:00PM-08:59PM -	03:00PM-05:59PM -	 Noon-02:59PM -	- MA9:00AM-11:59AM -	- 06:00AM-08:59AM	03:00AM-05:59AM -	Midnight-02:59AM -	Total

by Top 8 Types of Violation **Bicycle Collisions**

	Total: 106 collisions	
CVC No.	Description	Number of Collisions
Not Stated		21 (19.8%)
21804	Driver failure to yield right-of-way when entering/crossing a highway	17 (16.0%)
21650	Failure to drive/ride on right half of the roadway (with some exceptions)	13 (12.3%)
22107	Unsafe turning or moving right or left on a roadway Turning without signaling	9 (8.5%)
22350	Speeding on the highway / Driving at a dangerously high speed given highway conditions like weather, visibility, traffic, and highway measurements, or driving at a speed that endangers people or property	8 (7.5%)
22450	Driver failure to stop at a stop sign before a limit line at a crosswalk, intersection, or railroad.	8 (7.5%)
21453	Failure to stop at a limit line or crosswalk at a red light Failure to yield right-of-way to pedestrian when turning on a red light	7 (6.6%)
21950	Driver failure to yield right-of-way to pedestrians at a marked or unmarked crosswalk	6 (5.7%)
21802	Failure to stop or yield right-of-way at a stop sign	3 (2.8%)

Bicycle Victims by Age and Gender



42.1% of bicycle victims were between the ages of 11 and 24

Of bicycle victims age 65+, all were under age 75



Bicycle Victims by Age and Gender (child + youth)



Bicycle Victims by Injury Severity



Bicycle Collisions by Month (2013-2017)



2017 CPBST Workshop with Azusa Unified

School District



Summary of Recommendations

City/County Recommendations

- Traffic calming along Arrow Highway & Lark Ellen Ave
- Apply for infrastructure funding near Gladstone High School
- Crossing enhancements at Enid Avenue & Arrow Highway

AUSD Recommendations

- Improve Gladstone High School pick-up and drop-off zone
- Establish a district SRTS Task Force
- Develop Community Bicycle Plan

Pedestrian + Bicycle Injury Collisions

(2013-2017)

- 95 pedestrian collisions
- 106 bicycle collisions
- 1 pedestrian and bicycle collision

between 2013-2017 were minor injury collisions 88.1% of all pedestrian and bicycle collisions



Pedestrian + Bicycle Injury Collisions 2013-2017

43.8% of all pedestrian and bicycle injury collisions between 2013-2017 occurred on Azusa Avenue, Foothill Boulevard, and Cerritos Avenue

- 41 collisions on Azusa Avenue (SR-39)
- 32 collisions on Foothill Boulevard
- 22 collisions on Cerritos Avenue



Pedestrian + Bicycle Injury Collisions

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} 2013 - 2017 \\ 40.8\% \end{array} \right)$ of collisions were concentrated in northeast Azusa, near Azusa Pacific University

15 collisions occurred on East Alosta Avenue 14 collisions occurred on East 5th Street



Additional Resources



Transportation Injury Mapping System (TIMS)

TIMS is a web-based that allows users to analyze and map data from California's Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS).

To further explore collision data, register for a free account to access the tools and resources on TIMS.

https://tims.berkeley.edu

Berkeley SafeTREC



Street Story is a tool for collecting community feedback on transportation safety issues. Share stories on Street Story of where you've been in a crash or near miss, or where you feel safe or unsafe traveling.

https://streetstory.berkeley.edu



AZUSA CPBST Supplemental Data -- August 2019

COLLISIONS INVOLVING PEDESTRIAN VICTIMS AGE 17-20

Between 2013 and 2017, there were 14 collisions involving 16 pedestrians age 17-20. As anticipated, the collisions were concentrated in the northeast quadrant near Azusa Pacific University.



PEDESTRIAN VICTIMS BY AGE AND GENDER

The Planning Committee requested custom age breakdown. Per this analysis, older adults make up the largest proportion of pedestrian injuries at 30.1% followed by adults at 20.4%. However, these age ranges do not comprise of the same number of years per group.



BICYCLE VICTIMS BY AGE AND GENDER

The Planning Committee requested custom age breakdown. Per this analysis, adults make up the largest proportion of bicylist injuries at 29.9% followed by older adults at 27.1%. However, these age ranges do not comprise of the same number of years per group.



Data Source: Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS), 2008-2017. Collision data for 2016 and 2017 are provisional as of March 2018.